

# THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XXIII.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1905.

NO. 8.

## GRAND DUKE SERGIUS IS SLAIN

Another High Russian Official Blown to Atoms  
By Anarchist Bomb Thrower

SOLIARY ASSASSIN IS ARRESTED

Uncle of the Czar and Governor General of Moscow Instantly Killed While Driving From His Palace in the Ancient Capital by a Bomb Thrown Beneath His Carriage From a Sleigh by a Member of the Socialistic-Revolutionary Party.

Moscow, By Cable.—Within the walls of the farfamed Kremlin Palace, and almost underneath the historical tower from which Ivan the Terrible watched the heads of his enemies falling beneath the axe of the famous red square, and within a stone's throw of the great bell of Moscow, Grand Duke Sergius, uncle and brother-in-law of Emperor Nicholas, and the chief of the reactionaries, met a terrible death shortly before 3 o'clock Friday afternoon. The deed was committed by a single terrorist who threw beneath the carriage of the Grand Duke a bomb charged with the same high-power explosive which wrought Minister Von Phleve's death. The missile was packed with nails and fragments of iron, and its explosion tore the imperial victim's body to ghastly fragments, which strewed the snow for yards around. Every window in the great, lofty facade of the palace of justice was shattered, and bits of iron were imbedded deeply in the walls of the arsenal, a hundred yards away.

HAD REPEATED WARNINGS.

The assassin belongs to the noted "fighting group" of the socialistic-revolutionary party, which has removed other prominent officials and long since passed sentence of death upon Grand Duke Sergius. The Grand Duke knew that he stood in the shadow of death. He was the recipient of repeated warnings, and elaborate precautions were taken to ensure his safety.

The scene of the crime was the great open triangle within the Kremlin, bounded by the arsenal, treasury and courts of justice, in one angle of which is the Nicholas, or Little Palace, where the Grand Duke dwelt. At the opposite corner is the Nikolsky gate, the exit to the town beyond the ramparts.

### CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CRIME.

A few minutes before the bell of the gate sounded the hour of 3, the equipage of the Grand Duke emerged from the gates of the palace and proceeded, followed by sleighs containing secret police. It swept to a smart pace towards the gate, passing the Choudet Closter, Ivan's Tower, the great Czar bell and long rows of cannon captured from Napoleon in the winter retreat of 1812. In a minute the carriage was in front of the courts of justice, where the walls of the triangle approach, forming a narrow entrance to the Nikolsky gate. There a man clad in workman's attire stepped forward from the sledges and threw a bomb, which he had concealed beneath his coat. A terrible explosion followed, and a ball of iron pelted the grim stone walls of the arsenal and courts of justice. A thick cloud of smoke, snow and debris arose. When it had cleared, a ghastly sight was presented.

On the snow lay fragments of the body of Grand Duke Sergius, mingled with the wreck of the carriage. The Grand Duke's head had been torn from his body, and reduced to a shapeless pulp, and the trunk and limbs were frightfully mangled. A finger bearing a rich seal ring was found lying several yards away. The crimson tint and a sickening smell of blood were everywhere. Only a few fragments of cloth

Improved Demand for Print Cloth

Fall River, Mass., Special.—Sales in the print cloth market for the week are estimated at from 175,000 to 200,000 pieces. An improvement in the demand for goods, and especially 36 and 38 1/2 widths, is reported, the bulk of the trading during the week being confined to these styles. Regulars, which sold last week at 2 1/2-16, are now quoted at 2 5/8.

Whole Family Asphyxiated.

Cleveland, O., Special.—Four persons were found dead in a small house at No. 50 1/2 Central Avenue today. The dead are: Charles Heller, Josephine Heller, his wife; George Nolan, a son-in-law; May Nolan, wife of George Nolan, and daughter of the Hellers. When the neighbors entered the Nolan house today the natural gas was still burning in the stove, but the rooms were filled with a strong odor of gas. The only living thing in the house was a small dog, which was found wrapped in a blanket. It was unconscious.

Body Found Near Railway Track.

Goldboro, Special.—The body of a dead negro was found lying beside the railroad track about a mile this side of Beaufort by the engineer of the A. & N. C. "Shoo-Fly" going east. He saw the body as the train was approaching and stopped. An examination revealed that the negro had been shot in the head. The coroner, Dr. Thomas Hill, of this city, was notified and went down to Beaufort this afternoon to investigate the affair.

indicated that the body had once been clothed. The coachman lay moaning with pain beside a deep hole in the pavement. The horses, dragging the front wheels of the carriage, had dashed off, maddened with pain, to sink dying before they reached the gate.

### ASSASSIN GLORIES IN DEED.

The assassin was thrown to the ground and stunned by the force of the explosion, but he quickly arose and ran toward the gate, attempting to escape. His haste and the blood streaming from his face where he had been wounded by fragments of the bomb, attracted the attention of a sergeant of police who seized him before he could draw his revolver. The man did not deny the crime, but on the contrary gloried in its success. He expressed his satisfaction that he had been able to kill the Grand Duke without involving the latter's innocent wife. He avowed his membership in the Social revolutionary army, but refused to give his name, and at the jail his papers were found to be false.

### CAUSES OF POPULAR HATRED.

Much of the responsibility for the catastrophe at the coronation of Emperor Nicholas II. Moscow, in which several thousand people were crushed to death at the time of the distribution of the imperial gifts, was laid at Grand Duke Sergius' door. It was held that he had not taken sufficient precautions and the Liberals after the affair here of January 22 placed the major portion of the blame on his shoulders.

### THE CZAR PROSTRATED.

The news of the assassination of the Grand Duke reached Tsarskoe Selo where the imperial family was entertaining Prince Frederick Leopold, of Prussia. It created the greatest consternation. The Emperor is reported to have been completely prostrated. All festivities in honor of the Prussian guest were at once abandoned.

For the afternoon Archduke McCormick and the other ambassadors drove to the palace to express their official condolences, also leaving their cards at the palaces of the various members of the imperial family.

### POLITICAL EFFECT OF TRAGEDY.

Opinion That It Will Inaugurate a Reaction Not Generally Shared, and a High Authority Declares That the Parliament Will Be Summoned as Announced—The Crime Universally Denounced.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—The assassination of Grand Duke Sergius undoubtedly was the work of the fighting organization of the Socialistic-Revolutionary party, which condemned and executed Count Bobrikoff, governor general of Finland, and M. Sipaguline and Von Phleve, Ministers of the interior. It is regarded as a direct challenge from the terrorists to the autocracy, and a revival of the famous duel between the Nihilists and the government 25 years ago.

Opinion differs as to the political effect of the tragedy, some inclining to the view that the killing of a member of the imperial family may result in Nicholas II. reviving a period of reaction; but this opinion is not generally shared.

### Peace Formally Considered.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—It is learned on exceptional authority that the question of peace was formally considered by Emperor Nicholas and his ministers at the conference held at Tsarskoe Selo. No particulars are obtainable, as, before the discussion began, the Emperor exacted from each one present a solemn promise not to divulge the slightest hint of what transpired. The belief is, however, that the possible conditions and terms were under consideration.

### Lookout Inn Damaged.

Chattanooga, Special.—Investigation made showed that Lookout Inn, the summer hotel on Lookout mountain, had been damaged to the amount of \$1,000 by recent bad weather. The roof was broken in several places by weight of snow and ice upon it and burst pipes were found all over the building. Repairs will be made at once so that the hotel can be opened on next month.

### Japs Lose Vantage Point.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Lieutenant General Sakharov, General Kuropatkin's chief of staff, telegrams that Russian artillery, February 13, destroyed the buildings and walls of Nanjus from which the Japanese had been bombarding the Russian trenches. The Japanese were driven out. In regard to the attack on the bridge between Guaplin and Fantzau, February 12, General Sakharov says the Japanese force comprised 100 cavalry and 200 Chinese bandits. Russian guards drove off the attackers, who subsequently destroyed a few rails, blew up a telegraph pole southward of the bridge, and then fled.

### Fresh From the Wires.

The German Reichstag has referred the commercial treaties to a special committee.

President Roosevelt has sent Lady Gregory \$25 toward the proposed gallery in Dublin.

A British squadron, under Prince Louis of Battenburg, in October next will visit America, the commander making stops at Washington and Annapolis.

### NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE

#### Work That Is Being Done By the North Carolina Lawmakers.

In the Senate.

A number of local bills were introduced Tuesday.

The following bills passed final reading: To authorize the commissioners of Gaston county to issue \$300,000 of bonds to improve public roads; to work the public roads of Rutherford county; to provide for the better working of the roads of Chatham; to amend the road law of Madison county; to amend charter of Asheville; to establish an electric light plant and reservoir and authorize a bond issue; to incorporate the Edgecombe Railroad; to authorize Rutherford county to issue \$100,000 to pay for the stock in the Rutherford Construction Company; to incorporate the Watauga Turnpike Company; to amend the jail law of Forsyth county; to prevent throwing sawdust in certain streams in Guilford.

The anti-jug bill, namely House bill, to repeal chapter 349, public laws 1903, except as to Cleveland, Cabarrus, Mitchell and Gaston, came up on second reading, but met considerable opposition as to immediate passage.

Mason, of Gaston, moved that it be referred to the committee on judiciary. Amendments were offered excepting also Caldwell and Yancey, Rutherford and Madison. Mason's motion was adopted and the bill went to the judiciary committee. This is the bill which the Supreme Court made applicable to the whole State, while it was only intended for the four counties of Cleveland, Cabarrus, Mitchell and Gaston, and the bill will make the law apply only to those four counties.

In the Senate Wednesday the bill was introduced.

Senator Earle's relating to the survival of causes after action was given second reading.

Also Senator Manning's to require the chairman of the local board of assessors to make a canvass of his neighbors to see if property has escaped taxation.

Senator Earle's relating to foreign corporations.

Senator Peurifoy's to enable supervisor of Colleton to borrow funds for current expenses of 1905.

Senator Butler's to incorporate the Spartanburg, Union and Cherokee railroad.

Senator Douglass' relating to sinking fund for Jonesville school district.

Senator Butler's to require the secretary of state to collect at least \$5 for a charter.

Senator Davis' relating to Pine Grove school house in Clarendon county.

Senator Marshall's to require the Southern railway to open the eastern end of Richland and Laurel streets in the city of Columbia.

Senator Warren's joint resolution authorizing the county commissioners of Hampton county to sell and convey the 10 acres of land in the town or village of Gillisonville on which the old Beaufort district (now county) court house was located.

The house killed the following senate bills:

Senator Hood's relating to jury fees.

Senator Brice's relating to the transfer of pensions in school districts.

Senator Warren's to repeal the act creating the State board of equitation.

Senator Dennis' claim of A. H. De Hay.

The Senate did a volume of business Thursday. The appropriation bill was taken up among other matters, but this is more fully treated in another column.

An amendment to the solicitors' bill by Senator von Kolinitz proposed to give the solicitor of the Charleston circuit \$1,800 instead of \$1,500, the salary that he other solicitors get. Senator Raynor spoke for the amendment and Senators McGowan and Hudson against. Senator von Kolinitz spoke for his amendment.

TO ELECT SOLICITOR.

The senate resumed consideration of the bill relative to solicitors, their assignments and their salaries. Senator Warren moved to recommit the bill, and said in its present shape, the bill is unconstitutional. He said he wanted to express his views and save the senate of the difficulties likely to come. With that he was satisfied and would withdraw his motion to recommit. After considerable discussion the bill was passed.

Mr. McMaster's house bill, the anti-garnishment measure, a special order, passed to third reading after objections.

HOUSE.

In the house Thursday there was a rush of bills and laws were enacted rapidly. Most of the measures were local in application.

The house amended Senator Williams' bill to authorize "the passage of ordinances by incorporated cities and towns and the promulgation of rules and regulations by the State board of health to force and compel the vaccination and vaccination of citizens and residents of the State of South Carolina, and prescribing the duties of certain officials and persons to that end, and providing certain penalties for failure, refusal or neglect to comply with the provisions of the same."

The following bills passed final reading:

Requiring commissioners of Wilkes county to levy special tax to build bridges across the Yadkin river at Roaring River and Holman's Ford, Cowles, of Wilkes, desired to know why Judge Graham had taken it upon himself to introduce a bill for a county he did not represent. Holbrook, of Wilkes, stated that he was in favor of the bill, and Cowles was opposed to it, that the people of Graham needed the bridge and that Judge Graham had introduced it by request. Dr. Alexander, of the committee, explained that when the bill was before the committee it was stated that a bill had been passed in 1902 giving the county commissioners authority to levy a special tax for the construction of the bridge. Cowles, in opposing the bill, said it was unconstitutional for the commissioners to do so. Cowles, in opposing the bill, stated that Wilkes was already heavily burdened with bond debt, and the people oppressed with taxes. Holbrook detailed the great need of the citizens for two bridges and asked members to vote for the bill, without amendments. Cowles offered an amendment, which was defeated; to leave the question of bridge tax to a vote; to leave the question of building the bridge to the discretion of the commissioners; and to strike out \$2,500 and allow it to be used for the construction of a bridge at Rowan; to authorize Mitchell county to pay out certain funds, relating to the Charlotte Carnegie Library, to prevent fire waste by providing building laws, applying only to towns of over 1,000 people and then upon the consent of aldermen; to amend the charter of Louisburg by allowing the establishment of a burying ground; for the better support of the schools of New Hanover county.

In the House Monday a number of purely local bills were introduced, several passed final reading and a goodly number were ratified. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee was introduced to the members, who arose in a body to receive him.

The bill providing for a new trial in criminal cases for newly discovered evidence pending appeal to Supreme Court, came up for third reading three weeks ago, after a heated debate by the close of 46 to 45. Winborne opened the discussion in support of the bill, while Graham, of Granville, made a strong argument against it, contending that it was unconstitutional. Pending argument the House adjourned.

signees loss, and by judgment for suit.)

In the Senate Friday the bill to require the marking of boats when shipped into the prohibition territory was passed. The compulsory pilotage bill was enacted in the House, and also the Challenge bill.

The house gave second reading to Senator Christensen's bill to permit the commissioner of immigration to use a railroad pass or mileage.

Mr. Bruce moved to strike out the enacting words of Senator Bleasie's bill to provide that the county board of control may appoint a dispenser upon the death of the incumbent.

Mr. Pollock stated that at present the place is vacant for 20 days and the board advertises the vacancy. The bill was passed to third reading.

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Also Senator Manning's to require the chairman of the local board of assessors to make a canvass of his neighbors to see if property has escaped taxation.

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The following bills passed final reading:

To incorporate the town of Salisbury, Sampson county; to create a stock law in certain townships in Harnett county; to establish a graded school at Robersonville; to amend the charter of Hamlet; to amend the charter of Corwin, Beaufort county; to amend the banking laws; to increase the pay of jurors in Halifax and Northampton; for the better support of New Hanover public schools; to ratify, confirm and amend the charter of the Asheville Auditorium Company; to amend the charter of Greenville; to better protect claims in New Hanover, the Senate concurring in the House amendment; to better regulate fishing in Currituck Sound; to authorize Currituck county to use surplus special taxes for county purposes; to regulate the pay of surveyors in Rowan; to authorize Mitchell county to release Waynesville to pay out certain funds, relating to the Charlotte Carnegie Library, to prevent fire waste by providing building

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## DISPENSARY AND MURDER.

"A whip-like crack, a spurt of flame, a puff of smoke, and as R. O. Pickard, Superintendent of the Wilson Cotton Mills, fell to the floor of the spinning room bathed in his life blood, a thrill of horror flashed through our community at the realization that another tragedy had cast its red stain over us."

The above is the first paragraph of a special from Wilson to last Friday's News and Observer, telling of a "cold-blooded" murder in that town last Thursday. The special further stated that the two men implicated in the crime were loaded up on whiskey. It will be remembered that Wilson has a Democratic dispensary. We were told that when the Democrats controlled the whiskey business in North Carolina that crimes, as a result of whiskey, would cease. As a matter of fact crime has been continually on the increase under Democratic rule, and it seems that Democratic dispensary liquor is just as mean as any other whiskey, and we have heard it said that it is even meaner.

A drunken man will do things that he would abhor doing when he is sober. It appears that the Democratic leaders of Buncombe county realized this fact when they had six hundred gallons of whiskey poured into the stomachs of the voters of that county during the recent campaign to get them to belch up votes for the Democratic nominees. This amount was furnished by one distillery alone, and if each of the other six distilleries furnished an equal amount, the total would be 4,200 gallons of mean whiskey for the Buncombe county doubtful voters. That is about one gallon for each voter in the county. We wonder how they would have voted had they been sober.

## THE PRESIDENT'S BOLD AND PATRIOTIC COURSE.

The President's prompt action in investigating the Standard Oil Trust and in checking Railway rate abuses is in keeping with his bold and patriotic action before the election in the matter of the Beef Trust, the Coal Strike and the Northern Securities Railway Merger.

His enemies in the campaign said that was done for campaign effect. He has put them to shame.

Mr. Bryan, if he were president could not have done as much for the people and good government as the president has done.

Every Christian and patriot would like to see Roosevelt president for many years.

The News and Observer wants to dictate Legislation to this Legislature, but objects to its State executive committee exercising the same authority. The Observer says: "We had legislation by committee when the Fusionists were in power in 1895-1897." Again that paper has mistated facts, as it usually does in political matters. The Fusion committee did not stay in session here to advise the Legislature. But if they had, and the advice had been taken, it is probable the Democrats would not have been in power in the State today.

As far as the vote of the senate goes we congratulate the man to be named for immigration agent. If the house shall do likewise, then the best interest of the state will be conserved, if he and his clerks will use up the \$4,000 in fishing, hunting, and any other innocent sport. Anything, except in an effort to bring a lot of sorry people to this country.—Raleigh Times (Democratic).

In 1898 and 1900 many of the Democrats spent their time and ammunition in rendering and driving the labor from this state, and now they want to spend the taxpayers money in trying to get more labor in the state.

The News and Observer has not yet told why it praised Glen Williams whisky two years ago and "cusses" it now. Has the News and Observer had a change of heart, or has Williams had a change of heart and quit supporting the News and Observer and its crowd?

## GOV. GLENN'S SPECIAL MESSAGE.

Relative to the South Dakota Bonds and Those Held by Schaefer Bros.—Opinions of Some of Our Exchanges.

Raleigh Morning Post.

The gravity and importance of the situation in which South Dakota holds a judgment of the United States Supreme Court against the State of North Carolina, was brought directly to the attention of the legislature yesterday in a special message from Governor Glenn.

The Post has repeatedly urged the seriousness of the pending situation, notably when the Biggs resolution met such a signal defeat in the Senate.

That resolution was aimed at the identical results Governor Glenn aims at in his message, and was a proper and wise effort to get the legislative body to recognize, upon investigation, its duty in the matter.

The Post of February 2nd we wrote that "as we understand the purport of the Biggs resolution it meant no more than an effort to determine how the mandates of the court should be obeyed, whether by some legislative act to provide for paying the judgment, or whether the State would allow itself to be subjected to the humiliation that would necessarily come from execution proceedings against it. It is not intended to appoint a committee to go around begging anybody for a conference. The State does not have to humiliate itself in this matter. It is a plain business proposition that should be met in an honorable, straight, business-like way."

In his special message yesterday Governor Glenn takes the same serious view of the situation, and plainly shows his disposition to do all an executive can do to avoid the humiliation and embarrassment of having the State property sold at auction. He points out that there are three ways open to this State with reference to the South Dakota judgment:

First—To compromise it on some fair and just terms.

Second—Pay it.

Third—Let the stock be sold as ordered by the court.

The Governor adds: "Unless some action is taken by your body the last course will be pursued, as the executive is powerless to act unless you direct what shall be done."

And he then says: "As to the remaining 242 bonds now held by Schaefer Bros. what shall be done?"

This is a most serious question and one that your honorable body should not too hastily decide."

Governor Glenn then states briefly his views, after thoughtful consideration and investigation, declaring: "These are honest bonds—not belonging to the fraudulent tax bond class—and as stated before, were issued by patriotic men, trying to build up and develop the State." And he then counsels the legislature to take such proceedings as are honorable to the State.

All citizens who are jealous of the good name of the commonwealth will applaud the bold and courageous stand taken in this matter by Governor Glenn in the face of strenuous attempts from certain quarters to make it appear that the whole transaction—bonds and all—is a fraud, concocted to rob the State of North Carolina. Governor Glenn's suggestions are wise, and eminently becoming in the chief executive of a great commonwealth. They will meet with the prompt and serious consideration the importance of the situation demands.

Account of a Transaction that is Certainly Discreditable to the State.

Lumberton Argus.]

The status of the South Dakota bond question is an interesting one.

This State claims that it got only 25 cents on the dollar for the bonds, though they were regularly issued, and secured by a mortgage on the State's stock in the W. N. C. R. R.

In 1879, 11 years after their issue, the State impoverished by the rule of the "carpet baggers," who followed the war, proposed a compromise of its debts, including the issue of bonds in litigation, at 25 cents on the dollar. But in the meantime 324 of the bonds had been bought by Schaefer Bros. at the price of 68 cents on the dollar, the estimated value of the bonds having, presumably, increased as the State recovered from its bankrupt condition and the railroad became more valuable. Accordingly Schaefer Bros. refused to accept 25 cents on the dollar and held the bonds 25 cents.

Last year they gave South Dakota 10 of the bonds as an endowment of its university, and South Dakota did what no individual can do—it freed this State, and after the suit had run its full course, South Dakota had a judgment from the United States Supreme Court against this State for the amount of the ten bonds, with interest, and the United States marshal was directed to sell ten shares of the State's stock in the W. N. C. R. R. and apply the proceeds to the settlement of those bonds.

Subsequently, at the request of the attorney general of North Carolina, the sale was postponed to allow the Legislature to investigate the claim and take some course to prevent the spectacle of the State's stock being hawked at public auction.

"Advance Steps" will be the central theme of this most interesting meeting.

President Roosevelt's New York speech on the race question was a wise and statesmanlike deliverance. The President is each day making more friends, not only all over the country, but especially in the South. Chairman Simmon, and the other "nigger" calamity howling politicians, thought they could elect a trust candidate for President by crying "Booker Washington." But they can't fool the white voters any longer.

We have been informed that a whiskey dealer in Virginia sent word to a member of this Legislature that he would give \$500 to keep the Legislature from repealing this anti-jug law. This has the appearance that the whiskey trusts outside of the State have a hand in this anti-jug and possibly in the Ward bill. It would mean increased business for the whiskey dealers outside of the State.

There are ten thousand Republicans in North Carolina who are forced to read Democratic dailies, because they want to read some daily newspaper. Besides, there are thousands of liberal, fair minded Democrats who would like to read both sides and know the truth, but there is no Republican daily for them to read. Why is this?

The Washington Post evidently thinks that Gov. Vardaman should be on the police force instead of Governor of Mississippi. The Post pertinently remarks:

"Gov. Vardaman of Mississippi borrowed a revolver on a train and arrested a man who was arrested for murder. A state occasionally spoils a good policeman to make a poor governor."

How can a State expect its citizens to be honest and pay its just debts, unless the State sets them the example?

About forty new bills were introduced in the House Saturday, some not even of local importance.

With the Lawmakers.

Chickens will again be permitted to run at large in Chatham county.

A bill passed the House Saturday giving the governor the power to order the arrest of any pardoned convict upon the news of his violation any law of the land, to serve out the remainder of his term in prison.

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The house committee on insurance Saturday afternoon considered favorably Representative Hankins' bill to put fire protection in the state buildings and institutions, at an expense of some \$10,000. Senator Manson's bill to appropriate \$10,000 for fire insurance on the state's property and Senator Odell's bill calling for the appointment of an accountant to audit the finances of the insurance department.

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The senate substitute resolution for a special committee of two senators and three members of the house to act with the governor and council of state, get all information possible regarding the South Dakota bond matter and recommend such legislation as may seem advisable, promptly passed the House and the speaker named Mr. Murphy of Rowan, Mr. Cofield and Dr. Gordon of Guilford as the committee for the House.

AN UNADULTERATED 18-CARROT BOURBON.

Maj. Fawcett no Longer Votes for a "Yellow Dog" Even if He Is Labeled "Democrat".

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Lynchings Followed a Shooting.

Mobile, Feb. 20.—A pistol duel between a white man and negro near Greenville, Ala., today, in which the white man was killed, followed by the lynching of the negro, caused intense excitement at that place.

Subsequently, at the request of

the attorney general of North Carolina, the sale was postponed to allow the Legislature to investigate the claim and take some course to prevent the spectacle of the State's stock being hawked at public auction.

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cross against any attempt at settlement and the other day the Legislature voted down a proposition to appoint a committee to investigate the claim and to suggest a method of settlement, and it appears, at this writing that the humiliating spectacle of an auction sale of State property will occur.

Concurrently the holders of the bulk of the bonds have been interested, and within ten days have a proposition to Governor Glenn, through their attorneys, Messrs. Beaude and Busbee, to compromise the claim at \$500,000. Upon Governor Glenn's saying he would condemn the proposition, Mr. Ricard got his clients to propose a considerably smaller amount, only \$125,000, but even this proposition seems to be doomed to neglect.

Above is given an account of a transaction in which the Biggs resolution was aimed at the identical results Governor Glenn aims at in his message, and was a proper and wise effort to get the legislative body to recognize, upon investigation, its duty in the matter.

The State claims to have been bankrupt when the compromise was proposed; but the poverty of an individual does not prevent one's securing judgment against him and enforcement when the debtor becomes solvent.

In our view the State owes this bond, and there is no justice in basing a compromise upon the price secured by the State, since for eleven years the bonds were out of the control of the State and their value depended not at all upon what they originally cost. To illustrate. Suppose one should buy a horse for \$25 and his condition should improve till his value became sixty-eight dollars, who, on the plea that he cost you only \$25, could force you to sell him for that price? But if might makes right, then North Carolina is right—but only then.

DEMOCRATIC DAYS ARE NUMBERED.

A Few Men Have Too Long Been the Self-Constituted Leaders—The Cry of Negro Domination Will No Longer Frighten the Voters of the State.

A few years ago when the democracy of North Carolina became inferior to the demands of the people; when it became insolent and dictatorial and dreamed that on its tattered traditions and the halo of romance that the Lost Cause gave the past that it was invincible—when its heights were impregnable—we witnessed populism and almost anarchy. It was not that in the hearts of the people there was a desire to destroy—but it was because they desired to punish. The great Commoner, Vance, and the statesman, Ransom, were both relegated to the rear and Butler, a Populist, and Pritchard, a Republican (and every inch a man he is, too) took the seats of the worthies mentioned; Russell became Governor and the Democratic party was undone.

The cry of negro domination—the black cloud of Africa—was used as a scarecrow, and again the legions were rallied in the United States navy to assist Paymaster Emmet Gedger, U. S. N., now in Asheville on a twenty days' furlough. The salary attached to the position is \$1,000 per year.

ACONIZING BURNS are instantly relieved, and perfectly healed, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. O. Rivenbark, Jr., of Norfolk, Va., writes: "I buried my knee dreadfully; that it blistered all over Bucklen's Arnica Salve stopped the pain, and healed it without a scar." A so heals all wounds and sores, 25¢ at all druggists.

POISONS IN FOOD.

Perhaps you don't realize that many pain poisons originate in your food, but some day you may feel a twinge of dyspepsia that will convince you Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to poisons of undigested food—or money back. 25¢ at all druggists. Try them.

WANTED.

DETECTIVES, Responsible, Sharp Daring Young Men everywhere. Experience unnecessary. Enclose stamp for particulars. Grandell's Detective Bureau, Philadelphia, Pa.

CRIME TROUBLE FORESEEN.

It needs but little foresight, tell, that when your stomach and liver are badly affected, grave trouble is ahead, unless you take the proper medicine for your disease, as Mrs. John A. Young, of Clay, N. Y., did. She says: "I had neuralgia of the liver and stomach, heart was weakened, and I could not eat. I was very bad for a long time, but in Electric Baths, I found just what I needed, for they quickly relieved and cured me." Best medicine for weak women. Sold under guarantee by all druggists, at 50¢ a bottle.

WANTED.

Ladies and gentlemen in this and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise the Wholesale and Educational Departments of an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary \$3.50 per day, with expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address, Blew Bros. & Co., Dept. 6, Monon Bidg., Chicago, Ill.

ADVANCE STEPS.

The city of Asheville will entertain the second annual Inter-State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association.

"Advance Steps" will be the central theme of this most interesting meeting.

## Your Heart

### May Be Weak. One Person in Four Has a Weak Heart.

One of the surest signs of a weak heart is shortness of breath after exercise. The heart is not able to pump the blood fast enough to your lungs.

Some of the other symptoms of Heart Trouble are: Palms in the Sides, Back and Shoulder; Palming or Weak Spots; Dry Cough; Swelling of Feet and Ankles; Cold Feet or Hands.

No one can afford to allow a weak heart to go without medicine, because weak heart means poor circulation, and poor circulation means weak lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, etc.

If, therefore, you have heart trouble, begin taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. The Heart Cure will do good, as it is a splendid tonic for the blood and nerves, and will revitalize your entire system.

Finally, remember, Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is sold under a guarantee that the first bottle will do you good.

If it doesn't—your money back.

I was afflicted with heart trouble for three years. I would be apparently all right, with no apparent trouble, but would fall as though shot. The attacks were frequent, and a terrible dread possessed me, as if never known before, nor under what conditions would be attacked, and whether I would survive them. I

# THE CAUCASIAN

RALEIGH, N. C. Feb. 16, 1904

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh  
N. C., as second-class mail matter.

## FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Some Squibs of Interest We Have Gathered With Our Paste-Pot and Shears.

What's the matter with the Wata's law? Why all this talk about changin' it? Thought they told us on the campaign that the law was just the thing—Shelby Aurora.

Solomon said there was nothing new under the sun, but that was before the Democrats in North Carolina introduced bills in the Legislature to change the corporate limits of churches so liquor shops could be operated in near-by towns—Yellow Jacket.

The Atlanta Constitution, after cursing the negro until it turned paled in the face, has surrendered two whole columns of its space to an article from the pen of Booker Washington. Thar, now! About how sincere is the average Democratic paper, anyhow.—Ex-

When the bill providing for a charter for the town of Williams was pending before the Legislature two years ago did the News and Observer oppose its ratification? Or did it give tacit concert to the measure? We would like for that paper to settle this question as there has been so much said on the subject of late.—Wilmington Messenger.

Although it has been discovered that those South Dakota bonds were issued by a Democratic Legislature, and not by a "Radical Legislature"—and, therefore, "honestly" contracted—the fact remains that the Democracy of the State tried to get out of paying them. How is this for "Jeffersonian" honesty?—Union Republican.

In North Carolina larceny and receiving are both felonies. The man who receives stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen, is as guilty before the law as the thief. If it is morally wrong for men to make money distilling and selling whiskey, it is not the man who receives this money from distillers and sellers equally guilty if he takes and uses it!—Davie Record.

A prominent Democrat of Winston-Salem, N. C., was heard to use the following language a few days ago: "I have never voted anything but a Democratic ticket in my life, but I'll swear I intend to help elect a Republican Legislature next time!" By the eternals, there is a man worthy of the name. And he is not the only one, either. They are getting their eyes open by the thousands.—Yellow Jacket.

The legislature is considering a bill to take away from the people the right to elect the tax collectors and other officers of Henderson and Sampson counties. These counties elect Republican officers because a majority of the qualified voters of those counties are Republicans. But the Democrats are so hot after office that they are trying to get the office out of the hands of the people. This is the old plan. But in the past the Democrats have claimed that they did these kind of acts to keep negroes out of office. They no longer have that excuse. Now they have no excuse save they want the office.—North State.

## Suicide in Raleigh.

Mr. Ed Yarborough, of Raleigh, committed suicide Tuesday by shooting himself in the north with a shotgun. It is said he had been drinking very hard. He leaves a wife and five children.

## DO YOU GET UP

### WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

## Proceedings of the Legislature

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

### HOUSE—TUESDAY.

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### BILLS INTRODUCED.

1337. Mr. Laughinghouse—Defining domestic wine and cider and restricting its sale.

1349. Mr. McFarland—Amend road law of Police.

1355. Mr. Hollowell—To pay sheriffs of Wayne salaries in addition to fees. Petition attached.

1362. Mr. Graham of Granville—Provide for better storage and preservation of public documents and records by depositing them in the state penitentiary.

1373. Mr. Rowman—Amend chap 319, Laws of 1903, the antigu law, making the carrier the agent of the vendor.

1389. Mr. Biggs—Place printing of supreme court reports under control of the court.

### BILLS PASSED.

By Webb—For Asheville to vote on compulsory education.

II. B.—To regulate the sale of seed cotton in Mecklenburg and Nash counties.

By Scales—To amend the public school law. One of the changes is that the terms of the county boards of education shall be for six years instead of two.

II. B.—To prevent riding bicycles on the sidewalks in the town of Rober. This bill was amended so as to impose a \$2 penalty on those who throw bottles and cans in the street.

### THE HOUSE.

The following bill passed third reading:

Amend law relative to adulteration and misbranded food.

To define place of sale of liquor in North Carolina.

372. An act to incorporate the town of Salemburg, in Sampson county.

373. An act to authorize the commissioners of Sampson county to lease bonds and levy a special tax to pay the indebtedness created by building a court house.

### President After the Trusts.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Action as drastic as possible under the laws of this country is to be taken against the Standard Oil combination, not only in Kansas but in whatever parts of the country. President Roosevelt believes that this great combination has so used its powers as to deny a square deal to its comparatively weak competitors. What is regarded as a promise to that effect, voluntarily offered, was given to Representative Campbell of Kansas by President Roosevelt to-day. At the same time there was a discussion as to the best methods to show the Standard Oil that it cannot longer continue in the course it is charged with having recently pursued in Kansas.

### Criminal Prosecution for Beef Trust Magnates.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—The first step leading to possible indictment of members of the alleged "beef trust" was taken here today. A special federal grand jury venire was ordered drawn, and deputy United States marshals were sent out with subpoenas for various witnesses against the alleged trust.

### Tom Watson's Magazine.

Hon. Tom E. Watson, the People's Party candidate for President in the recent campaign, is to publish a magazine in New York City. The magazine will deal with the political situation and also contain many short stories by prominent writers. Price, \$1 or 10c. per copy.

Special—To new subscribers, or old subscribers who renew a year in advance, we will send The Caucasian and Watson's Magazine one year for \$1.60.

### PREACHING TO THE DEAF.

An Ingenious Clergyman's Use of the Telephone in the Church.

He that hath ears, let him hear, and he that is deaf can now hear by telephone, and has no excuse for staying away from church. A clergyman in Stratford, Conn., has a number of deaf persons in his congregation. He found that, curiously enough, they could understand what was said to them by telephone. So he set up a telephone apparatus on his pulpit-deck and ran wires to a pew near the front of the church. There sit the deaf, holding receivers with a light handle like that of a cigarette. This Deaf Pew, is not necessary. Telephone connection will be made between the pulpit and any pew. A great boon to the really deaf, but rather vexatious perhaps, to the persons who are so deaf that they can hear all the jokes at a theatre perfectly well, but cannot follow the sermon.—"With the Procession," Everybody's Magazine for March."

If the Baby is Getting Teeth  
Be sure and use this old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Wislows SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, kills all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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### A Comedy of Conversation.

The girl who dreaded small-talk is the heroine of "A Wasted Rehearsal," a pretty, clever, and real little story by Jeannette Cooper in the March McClure's. She is a dear girl, as witty as she is silent and altogether delightful. It is a sweet tale, and most amusing—charmingly illustrated by Charlotte Harding.

## Badly

### Shattered Nerves and Weak Heart.

### Too Nervous to Sleep or Rest.

### Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nervine Cured Me.

A shattered nervous system nearly always leads to some affection of the heart, especially when the patient's health weakens rapidly or otherwise. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is not only a great heart regulator but it is a blood tonic which speedily corrects and regulates the heart's action, enriches the blood and improves the circulation. It will put you into shape as did Mr. Crawford when he left hollow, and greatly improve your general health.

"I have been so greatly benefited by Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure that I freely recommend them as the best remedies for these diseases they are recommended to cure. While regularly taking these, I weighed scarcely 140 pounds, my nerves were badly shattered and my heart troubled me a great deal. I had pain in my left arm and shoulder, had difficulty in sleeping on my side, had frequent numbing spells and my head with fluttering palpitation. I could eat scarcely any kind of food without suffering great distress, and was so restless and nervous that I slept little night or day. Now I am never bothered with my heart, nerves are strong, I weigh 161 pounds, live well, eat well and weigh 161 pounds. I am happy now and am trying to make back the money I spent for doctors who did me no good while I was ill."—T. R. CRAWFORD, Center, Texas.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

### Tom Watson's Magazine

### THE MAGAZINE THAT HAS AN IDEA BACK OF IT.

Have you heard that Hon. Thos. E. Watson of Georgia has begun the publication of a magazine?

You know who Mr. Watson is? He's the man who wrote "The Story of France," "Life of Napoleon," and "The Life and Times of Thomas Jefferson." He was the People's Party candidate for President last year.

First number of Tom Watson's Magazine will be published February 25. For sale at all news stands. Price, 10c. By mail, \$1 per year. You will miss the most interesting 128-page magazine in America if you fail to get this number. Ask your newsdealers for Tom Watson's Magazine—or better still, send a dollar for a year's subscription to

TOM WATSON'S MAGAZINE,  
121 West 42nd Street,  
New York City, N. Y.

### LIQUOR HABIT PERMANENTLY CURED.

### APPLETINE

### A CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS

Trial treatment and directions sent postpaid upon receipt of \$1.00.

FULL TREATMENT \$3.00.

GREAT : NORTH : AMERICAN  
MFG. CO.,  
1083 Gates Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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When writing mention reading this offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

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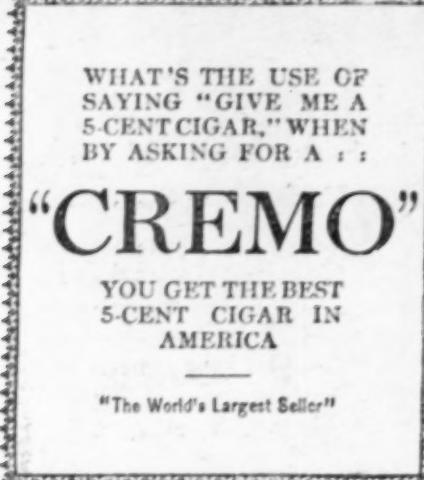
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## NORTH STATE NEWS

Occurrences of Interest in Various Parts of the State.

Charlotte Cotton Market.	
Stalk good middling	7½
Good middling	7½
Strict middling	7½
Middling	7½
Tinges	6 to 7
Stains	5 to 6

General Cotton Market.

Galveston, steady	7 9-16
New Orleans, firm	7 9-16
Mobile, quiet	7 9-16
Savannah, quiet	7 9-16
Charleston, quiet	7 9-16
Wilmington, steady	7 9-16
Norfolk, steady	7 9-16
Baltimore, nominal	7 9-16
New York, steady	7 9-16
Boston, quiet	7 9-16
Philadelphia, steady	7 9-16

Hurt by Explosion.

Burlington, Special.—The explosion of a small gasoline lamp, used to heat a chocolate urn, resulted in a very painful injury to William J. Fix, a clerk in the drug store of T. H. Stroud. The flame, being near the bowl of the lamp, and the cap, which was soldered to the bowl, furnished sufficient heat to generate gas sufficient to blow the cap off. The escaping gas and gasoline ignited and struck Mr. Fix on the face and head. His injury is very painful but not serious.

North State News.

Charlotte, Special.—Mrs. S. S. Smith aged 73 years, who was severely burned Wednesday morning at her home, No. 902 East avenue, died at 9:40 o'clock, as the result of her injuries. Mrs. Smith came to this city from Wilmington some time more than a year ago, and had made her home with her two daughters, Mrs. H. J. Moore and Mrs. F. J. Robertson, on East avenue, where the fatal accident occurred. In addition to these children, other survivors are three sons, Messrs. John Q. Smith, of Columbus, Ga.; J. B. Smith, of Caldwell county, and G. A. Smith, of this city; and two daughters who are Mrs. Grady, of Lenoir, and Mrs. R. N. Murray, of Wilmington, with whom the dead woman had made her home before moving to Charlotte. Mrs. Smith was sitting alone in her room in front of the open fire when her clothing was ignited, the burns resulting in her death.

Recently J. G. Hundley, who has several saw mills in Durham county, cut four trees that were giants. They were poplar trees. One made 7,500 feet of lumber, another 8,000, a third 15,500 and the fourth 18,500 feet, an average of 12,000 feet to the tree. The largest was ten feet across the stump and 146 feet high. There were cut from this tree nine 12-foot logs and one 10-foot log, making a total of 118 feet of logs from the body of the trees. Lumber men say that 500 feet is a fairly good average for a tree and this can give a better idea as to the size of this giant old poplar.

Immigration Commissioner Sergeant is right in his view of the public evils arising from the maintenance in this country of colonies of aliens who retain their allegiance to their native countries and send there the greater part of their earnings. Many of the Italian and Hungarian immigrants do not come here to stay longer than sufficient time to acquire money which they intend to go back to Europe to spend, continues the Philadelphia Press. That was one great objection against the Chinese. It is just as objectionable in the case of other immigrants. There should be legislation to discourage, as far as possible, that condition of things. Immigrants who come here without any intention of remaining are not wanted.

### TORTURING PAIN.

Half This Man's Sufferings Would Have Killed Many a Person But Don't Kidney Pills Cured Him.

A. C. Sprague, stock dealer, of Normal, Ill., writes: "For two whole years I was doing nothing but buying medicines to cure my kidney disease. I do not think that any man ever suffered as I did and lived. The pain in my back was so bad that I could not sleep at night. I could not ride a horse, and sometimes

was unable even to ride in a car. My condition was critical when I sent for Doan's Kidney Pills. I used three boxes and they cured me. Now I can go anywhere and do as much as anybody. I sleep well and feel no discomfort at all."

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Best on Earth

Ganti's Planters and Distributors

We GUARANTEE THEM.  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Write for Prices and Catalogue.

GANTI'S FIG. CO., Macon, Ga.

Field Seeds

Country merchants and farmers can save 10 to 25 per cent by writing to Salzer Seed Co., Nashville, Tenn., for special cash prices. The only strictly cash field seed house in the South. Write today.

NASHVILLE PRODUCE CO., J. J. ODIL, Manager.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and have saved them for some time, and without them I have no strength and am now completely cured. Recently I have been ill again, but you will never be without them in the family. Thank you." Edward A. Marx, Albany, N. Y.

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

They WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP.

Pleasant Palatable Pastes. Taste Good, Do Good, Sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. O. G. guaranteed to be the best. Send back for refund.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. \$1.00 ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

John White & Co., LOUISVILLE, KY. Established 1823. Highest Market Price.

FURS and Hides, Manufactured and Commissioned.

Thompson's Eye Water

If afflicted with weak eyes use Thompson's Eye Water

So. 8.

125 CTS.

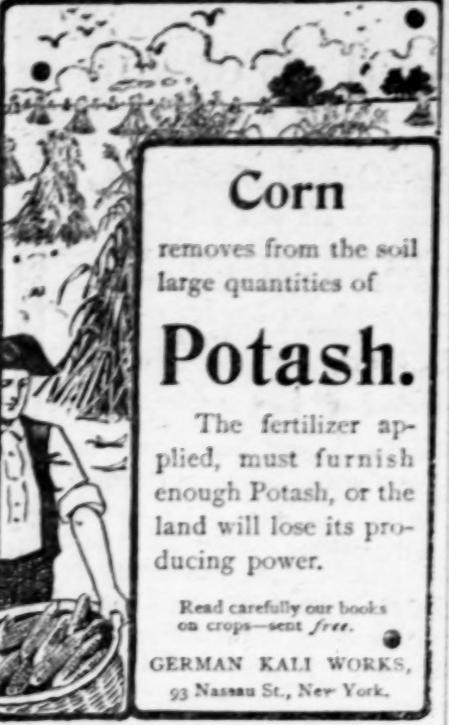
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Remedy by Dr. T. J. Jones. Used in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

## NORTH STATE NEWS

Occurrences of Interest in Various Parts of the State.



### Corn

removes from the soil large quantities of

### Potash.

The fertilizer applied, must furnish enough Potash, or the land will lose its producing power.

Read carefully our books on crops—sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,  
53 Nassau St., New York.

Words of Love.  
Do you know a heart that batters  
For a word or a kiss or a cheer?  
There are many such about us;  
It may be that one is near.  
Look around you, you need it.  
Speak the word that you need so,  
And your own heart may be strengthened  
By the help that you bestow.

It may be that some one falters  
On the brink of sin and wrong,  
Ask a word from you might save him,  
Help him to stand strong and strong.  
Look about you, O my sister,  
What a sin is yours and mine,  
If we see that need is a sore distress,  
And we give no friendly sign.

Never think kind words are wasted,  
Brewer's waters are there,  
And it may be we shall find them  
Coming back to us some day.

Complaint when fully feeded,  
So in the time of distress free,  
Gilt and givin' God will bless.

### A Lesson in the Market.

Young housekeepers will find a fund of information in the papers contributed to the Delineator by Isabel Gordon Curtis under the title "The Making of a Housewife," giving in the March number a lesson in the meat market. The hints are practical and helpful. Other topics of domestic interest, especially during the Lenten season, are "Attractive Fish for Lenten Days" illustrating and describing a number of delicate ways of preparing fish, and a variety of recipes under the headings "Fruit and Vegetable Sauces," "Coddish Variations," and "Eggs—From a Hygienic Standpoint."

It takes three seconds for a message to go across the Atlantic.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25¢.

It is a Parisian doctor who insists that it is the result of a microbe.

It takes three seconds for a message to go across the Atlantic.

RAW ITCHING ECZEMA

Blotches on Hands, Ears and Ankles For Three Years—Instant Relief and Speedy Cure by Cuticura.

"Thanks to Cuticura I am now rid of that fearful pest, weeping eczema, for the first time in three years. It first appeared on my hand, a little pimple, growing into several blisters, and then on my ears and ankles. They were exceedingly painful, itching and blistered and struck me again and again. For thirty years it has been generally known that his vigorous constitution could not much longer withstand the ravages of a wasting disease.

For more than a year he has been unable to properly assimilate food, and this, together with his extreme age, made more difficult his fight against death. At no time has he ever confessed his belief that the end was near, and his rugged constitution and remarkable vitality have been responsible for prolonging his life.

Besides his physician, only Mrs. Wallace, his son, Henry Wallace, of Indianapolis and his wife, were present.

When told by his physician that he was dying, General Wallace was perfectly calm and his last words were expressions of cheer to his grief-stricken family. Bidding them farewell, he said, "I am ready to meet my Maker," and lapsed into unconsciousness, from which he did not recover. No definite funeral arrangements have been made.

General Wallace was born at Brookville, Franklin county, Ind., in 1827. He served in the Mexican volunteers. During the civil war he commanded a division of the Federal army at the capture of Fort Donelson, and was promoted major general of volunteers in March, 1862. In 1863 he prevented the capture of Cincinnati by Gen. Kirby Smith. On July 9, 1864, he intercepted Gen. Early, who was marching upon Washington with 28,000 men, while he had only 5,800, and succeeded, though of course driven in defeat, in detaining Early for some days until Washington could be re-enforced by Grant. In 1865 he was mustered out of the volunteer service and returned to the practice of law at Crawfordsville, Ind. He was territorial Governor of Utah in 1878-81 and served from 1881 to 1885 as minister to Turkey. From this period until his death Gen. Wallace confined himself largely to a literary career.

It is the author of "The Fair God," a story of the conquest of Mexico, his first novel, and "Ben Hur" (1880), that he achieved his most signal and lasting distinction. Probably no other novelist has ever had such immense and continuing sales as "Ben Hur." Later works were: "A Life of Benjamin Harrison," "The Babyhood of Christ," and "The Prince of India."

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